

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Washington, D.C. 20221 www.ispio.gov

APPLICATION NO.		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/022,268		12/20/2001	Makoto Terui	OKI 286	2387
23995	7590	04/14/2003			
		AGNE, PC	EXAMINER		
1101 14TH STREET, NW SUITE 500				HA, NATHAN W	
WASHINGTON, DC 20005		20005		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				2814	
				DATE MAILED: 04/14/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No. pplicant(s)						
	10/022,268	TERUI ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Nathan W. Ha	2814					
Th MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover she t with the correspondenc address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 F	ebruary 2003 .						
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ Thi	is action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 9-21 is/are pending in the application							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>9-21</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a) approved b) disapprov	ved by the Examiner.					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	ly to this Office action.						
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
 Certified copies of the priority documents 	have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.							
Attachment(s)							
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal Page	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-152)					

Art Unit: 2814

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

2. Claims 9-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. In this case all of the newly added limitations such as substantially, causing protrusion, locally roughened render new matter.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 9-15 and 16-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Orcutt (US 6,187,612) in view of Akram et al. (US 2002/0027441, hereinafter Akram.).

5. In regard to claims 9, 11-12, and 14-21, in fig. 3, Orcutt discloses a method of fabricating a semiconductor package comprising:

preparing a lead frame 11;

preparing a first molding die 1 having a cavity 3;

preparing a second molding die 7 to be engaged with the first molding die member, see Akram's claim 1;

disposing a spherical 5 in the cavity;

the lead frame is being holding in between molding dies;

injecting a molding 13 between the first and second dies.

Orcutt, however, does not disclose a protrusion portion in the lead frame.

Akram, in fig. 5, discloses an analogous semiconductor packaging with a lead frame 12A with a protrusion 48 with an acute angle. This protrusion is provided to make a better electrical contact between the substrate and the solder ball since it increases the contact surface area.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to use the lead frame with a protrusion as taught by Akram in Orcutt's in order to take the advantage as mentioned above.

In regard to claims 13, Akram further teaches a through hole 40 in the substrate, see fig. 7F. This through hole is used to inject or suck out air, gas, or liquid pressure in the cavity. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to use the through hole as taught by Akram in the Orcutt's in order to take full advantage as mentioned above.

Application/Control Number: 10/022,268 Page 4

Art Unit: 2814

In regard to claims 10, the spherical is in contact with the cavity's side walls, see fig. 5 of Orcutt.

Response to Arguments

- 6. The arguments filed on 2/28/03 have being considered but are not persuasive. In accordance with the 112 rejections above, in response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Fine*, 837 F:2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988)and *In re Jones*, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, substrate 12 can be used as a frame since it carries electrical conductors on the surface, for example, element 32B in figure 5A.
- 7. In response to applicant's argument that Akram is nonanalogous art, it has been held that a prior art reference must either be in the field of applicant's endeavor or, if not, then be reasonably pertinent to the particular problem with which the applicant was concerned, in order to be relied upon as a basis for rejection of the claimed invention.

 See *In re Oetiker*, 977 F.2d 1443, 24 USPQ2d 1443 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, Akram teaches a semiconductor packaging, for example, BGA package, see Akram's col. 2, section [0042].

Application/Control Number: 10/022,268

Art Unit: 2814

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

8. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nathan W. Ha whose telephone number is (703) 305-3507. The examiner can normally be reached on M-TH 8:00-7:00(EST).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wael Fahmy can be reached on (703) 308-4918. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-7722 for regular communications and 308-3432 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

Nathan Ha April 8, 2003

SUPERVISORY PRIMARY EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800